2019-2020学年高一 寒假作业 B1综合测试 英语基础卷

1. 听力题暂不支持展示

2. 听力题暂不支持展示

3. 听力题暂不支持展示

4. 听力题暂不支持展示

5. 听力题暂不支持展示

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8. 听力题暂不支持展示

9. 听力题暂不支持展示

10.听力题暂不支持展示

11. Jack Ma is the founder and CEO of Alibaba Group. He was one of the 100 global "future leaders" of the 2001 World Economic Forum and the "commercial leader" of 2001 elected by US Commercial Association of Asia.

Born in the city of Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, Ma graduated from Hangzhou Teachers Institute in 1988 (he failed the entrance exam twice) and became a lecturer in English and International Trade. In 1985, a one-month visit to see an Australian pen pal he had met in Hangzhou changed his life. "Everything I'd learned in China was that China was the richest country in the world," he said. "When I arrived in Australia, I realized it's totally different. I started to think you have to use your own mind to judge, to think. "After his return, Ma became the chairman of the Students'Union of the whole city.

Jack Ma founded Alibaba. com in 1999, a China-based business to business marketplace site. In 2003, Alibaba launched Taobao. com, a consumer to consumer auction (消费者拍卖) website similar to e Bay. Ma said that he got most of his ideas while taking very long, hot showers. He likes to spend time walking his four dogs and playing chess and poker. He said, "I've learned a lot of business philosophy by playing poker." Looking ahead, Ma said that he dreamed of using his group's resources to improve the lives of all Chinese people, especially the 900 million farmers. "There must be some way of using our experience, our know-how, and make their life easier," he said.

1.What do we know about Jack Ma from this passage? ___

A. The number one of the 2001 global "future leaders".
B. A great success and very influential in economy.
C. The chairman of the Students' Union of Hangzhou Teachers Institute.
D. The founder and CEO of eBay.

2.What changed Jack Ma's mind greatly? ___
A. His pen pal in Australia.
B. His experience in China.
C. His failure in the entrance exam.
D. His experience in Australia.

3.What can we infer from the second paragraph? ___
A. Ma loves China very much.
B. Ma knew about Australia well before his visit.
C. Ma didn't know the differences between China and Australia before the visit.
D. Ma used to judge things with his own mind.

12. Learning a second language

Some people learn a second language easily. Other people have trouble learning a new language. How can you help yourself learn a new language, such as English? There are several ways to make learning English a little easier and more interesting.

The first step is to feel confident about learning English. If you believe that you can learn, you will learn. Be patient. You don't have to understand everything all at once. It is natural to make mistakes when you learn something new. We can learn from our mistakes.

The second step is to practise your English. For example, write in a diary every day. You will get used to writing in English, and you will feel comfortable expressing your ideas in English. After several weeks, you will see that your writing is improving. Besides, you must speak English every day. You can practise with your classmates after class. You will all make mistakes, but gradually you will become comfortable communicating in English.

The third step is to keep a record of your language learning. You can write this in your diary. After each class, think about what you did. Did you answer a question correctly? Did you understand anything the teacher explained? Perhaps the lesson was difficult, but you tried to understand it. Write these achievements （成就） in your diary.

You must be active in learning English and believe that you can do it. It is important to practise every day and make a record of your achievements. You will enjoy learning English, and you will have more confidence in yourself.

1. When you learn English, you do not need to ___ .
A. be patient
B. make mistakes
C. express your ideas in English
D. understand everything at once

2. What is NOT helpful for you to enjoy learning English? ___
A. To communicate in English.
B. To worry about making mistakes.
C. To think about what you did after each class.
D. To make a record of the achievements.

3. What is the main idea of this passage? ___

A. It is very important to learn English.

B. Some people learn English easily while other people do not.

C. There are ways to help you learn English more easily.

D. Don't worry about making mistakes when learning English.

13. Now, scientists would like to predict earthquakes, but is this possible?

In fact, Japan has already predicted where its next great earthquake will be: Tokai, a region along the Pacific coast. Here earthquakes occur every 100 to 150 years. But the section along Tokai hasn't had a major earthquake since 1854. The theory is that strain is building up in this region, and that it's time for this zone to reduce its stress. Unfortunately, it's one thing to say that an earthquake is likely to happen in a highrisk area. It's another to predict exactly where and when the earthquake will occur.

The desire for a precise prediction of time and place has lead to another theory: the idea of "preslip." Naoyuki Kato, a scientist at the Earthquake Research Institute, says his laboratory experiments show that before a fault （断层） in the earth's crust （地壳） finally breaks and causes an earthquake, it slips just a little. If you can detect these early slips taking place deep in the earth's crust, we may be able to predict the next big earthquake.

In the late 1980s, scientists working in Parkfield California, in the U. S. decided to study the fault to see if there were any warning signs prior to an earthquake. They've chosen Parkfield because it's known for having earthquakes quite regularly - approximately every 22 years. To do this, they drilled deep into the fault and set up equipment to register activity. Then they waited for the earthquake.

Year after year, nothing happened. When an earthquake did finally hit on September 28, 2004, it was years off schedule, but most disappointing was that scientists reviewed the data but could find no evidence of anything unusual preceding the September 28th earthquake. Instead of giving up, though, scientists in Parkfield dug deeper into the ground.

In 2008, the researchers in Parkfield claimed to have detected small changes in the fault shortly before an earthquake hit, demonstrating that perhaps the "preslip" theory is correct. Although there is still a long way to go, it appears from the research being done all over the world that earthquakes are not entirely random.

1.What can we say about the theory in Paragraph 2? ___

A. It is more a forecast than an exact prediction.

B. It can be used to predict an earthquake.

C. It is very suitable to be used in Tokai.

D. It is beneficial to high-risk areas.

2.What can the underlined words "do this" in Paragraph 4 refer to? ___

A. Study the fault.

B. Know Parkfield.

C. Set up equipment.

D. Wait for an earthquake.

3.Why did the scientists feel disappointed about the earthquake in 2004? ___

A. There were some unusual data for the earthquake.

B. The earthquake occurred later than they had expected.

C. There weren't any warning signs about the earthquake.
D. The earthquake caused them to give up their further research.
4.What's the text mainly about? ___
A. The Parkfield investigations.
B. Different ways to predict an earthquake.
C. The reasons for earthquake prediction failures.
D. Efforts to predict when an earthquake will happen.

14. Good friends always make life seem so much easier and better. (1) ___ I know that there is absolutely no need to give out definitions of a true friend or list out qualities that are synonymous, since the answers are subjective.

Togetherness

It is one of the most beautiful aspects. (2) ___ Be it one of the dullest days of your life while you are killing time doing absolutely nothing, or be it one of your most memorable moments like your graduation or your birthday, friends are always with you.

Honesty

If you look hideous (难看的) in the dress you bought last week, a true friend will always tell you so! Honesty is needed in any relationship. (3) ___ They are ready to give you a taste of the bitter truth, but they'll help you cope with it! Often, there comes a time when two friends are competing for the same thing, a true friend will never let a competition affect the friendship.

Understanding

Often when you are feeling low or depressed, you will never have to explain it to your friend that you are feeling low. (4) ___Understanding without words is the perfect level of a good relationship.

Patience

You need to have patience to understand your friend inside out. The mood swings, sign language, codes, etc. Friends are all this and much more. (5) ___ They are a comforting shoulder to lean on, a patient ear to listen to you, and most importantly, a warm and loving hug to embrace you!

A. They are a helping hand.
B. A true friend knows when you are unhappy.
C. No matter what, friends always stick together!
D. True friends are always two steps behind you.
E. True friends never hesitate to speak up their minds.
F. Ask yourself what makes a good friend even if you doubt the ability to one yourself.
G. In our busy lives, at times when we feel down and upset, it is our friends who come through.

15.Many years ago a big earthquake hit America, killing over 30, 000 people. A father 1 his wife safely at home and rushed to the 2 where his son was supposed to be, 3 to discover that the building was as flat as a pancake.

Seeing this, he remembered the 4 he had made to his son, “No matter what happens, I’ll always be there for you! ”Tears began to 5 his eyes. As he looked at the pile of 6 that once was the school, it seemed 7, but he kept remembering his promise to his son.

He began to concentrate 8 where he had 9 his son to class before. Remembering his son’s 10 had been in the right back comer of the teaching building, he rushed there and started digging 11 the ruins.

He kept digging and digging. Hours later, some 12 parents tried to pull him off 13 had been his son’s classroom, saying, “It’s too late! They’re all dead!”

But the father kept digging for his son. The fire chief 14 and said, “Fires are breaking out. You’re in 15. Go home.” Hearing this, the American father, 16 very tired now, asked politely, “Are you going to help me?”

He went on 17. He dug for 8 hours... 12 hours... 24 hours... 36 hours... Then, at the 38th hour, he heard his son’s 18 He screamed his son’s name, “ARMAND!”And he heard his son shout back, “Dad?! It’s me, Dad! I told the other kids not to worry. I told them that if you were 19, you’d save us. You promised no matter what happened, you’d always be there for me! You did 20,Dad!”

(1)A. left B. stayed C. reached D. had

(2)A. house B. company C. school D. office

(3)A. hardly B. mainly
C. surprisingly D. only

(4)A. belief B. promise C. decision D. advice

(5)A. rise B. cover C. fill D. suffer

(6)A. ruins B. disasters C. earth D. bricks

(7)A. sad B. hopeless C. needless D. useless

(8)A. at B. in C. to D. on

(9)A. walked B. let C. run D. allowed

(10)A. doorway B. situation
C. classroom D. entrance

(11)A. from B. through C. by D. across

(12)A. cold-hearted B. well-meaning
C. good -looking D. hard -working

(13)A. who B. when C. whose D. what

(14)A. showed up B. showed off C. got up D. got off

(15)A. frustration B. surprise
C. danger D. fear

(16)A. and B. but C. if D. though

(17)A. lonely B. alone C. together D. as well

(18)A. sound B. voice C. noise D. shout

(19)A. right B. dead C. alive D. injured

(20)A. which B. what C. one D. it

16.语法填空

TRAVEL PERU

If you want to travel around Peru, there are four places worth __1__ visit.

When a short flight from Cusco __2__ (take) you from the Andes into the Amazon rainforest, you will begin your Amazon rainforest tour. From there, you'll take a boat to your accommodation and then spend three days __3__ (explore) the rainforest with a local guide and enjoying the plants and animals unique __4__ the rainforest. If you expect to know the Incas' dry stone method of __5__ (build), Machu Picchu is the perfect place for you __6__ (visit). At Cusco you will be able to enjoy the unique Spanish and local Indian culture. Cusco was once the

capital of the Inca Empire, at __7__ you can visit the museums, admire the architecture, enjoy the excellent local food, and go shopping at the local markets. From Cusco, you drive along the new highway for a day,__8__ (arrive) at Lake Titicaca. There, a boat will take you to stay with a local Uros family on an island for three days. Both the island and the Uros homes are __9__ (make) of water plants from the lake.

So come and experience __10__ Peru has to offer: everything from the ancient Inca culture and centuries-old Spanish villages to deep rainforests, high mountains, and a beautiful coastline.

17.假设你是育才中学学生会主席李华. 你校将举办一次英语演讲比赛（speech contest），希望附近大学的外籍教师Smith 女生来做评委. 请参照以下通知给她写一封信.

主题：人与自然

时间：6月15日下午2：00---5：00

地点：501教室

参赛选手：10名

联系人：李华（电话44876655）

字数：80词左右

18.阅读下面短文，根据所给情节进行续写，使之构成一个完整的故事.

David and Roy decided to go for a bicycle ride with three other students: Robert, Helen and Betty. But Robert's father couldn't afford to buy a bike for him. So they were going to borrow one for him.

The students had planned to meet at 8 o'clock. But Robert, Helen and Betty were half an hour late, for they had to come a long way since they found the bridge over the stream had been washed away.

When they told the bad news to David and Roy, David said nothing and kept silent for a moment. After a while, an idea came into his mind. "Do you think we could rebuild it?"

All of them agreed and started to consider this seriously. They decided to rebuild the bridge before they went for the bicycle ride. Betty said she could ask her brother to make a plan for them.

The biggest problem was to get enough wood. The next day they visited nearly every house in the village. Mr. Robinson agreed to supply the wood so long as they did the work. Several people promised to give money if they could build a new bridge because it was a short cut for them.

The students worked for nearly a week under Mr. Robinson's guidance. At the end of a week of hard work, the bridge was completed. They all agreed to ask Mr. Robinson to officially open the bridge. "He has helped us most," David said.

"And tomorrow morning we can go around to all the houses," added Roy, "and tell the people that the bridge will be officially opened at six o'clock. Then we can remind them about their promises about money," Roy added.

"But we don't really want that, do we?" said Robert.

"Yes," said Helen. "We need it and I think we should collect it." She glanced quickly at the others, who nodded.

The next day, the students visited all the houses again. They were surprised when they

saw how pleased the people were with them. By two o'clock they had collected over a hundred dollars. By five o'clock, unknown to Robert, they had spent it.

注意：

1. 所续写短文的词数应为150左右；
2. 应使用5个以上短文中标有下划线的关键词语；
3. 续写部分分为两段，每段的开头语已为你写好；
4. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语.

Paragraph 1：

At six the students gathered at the bridge. ----

Paragraph 2：

David turned to Robert and said, "we have a surprise for you!"----